



# The Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS®)

## *Program Usage and Application*

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Underwriting Solutions

# Thank you for the invitation today.

- Who are we? What do we do?
- The Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)
- National and State BCEGS Classifications
- Use and Application of BCEGS Classifications and BCEGS Data
- Future development of Building Codes and BCEGS in hazard mitigation programs.

# What is Verisk

Verisk is licensed rating organization and a leading supplier of:

- Statistical data
- Actuarial data
- Underwriting information
- Standardized coverage forms
- Class & rating programs
- Advisory services

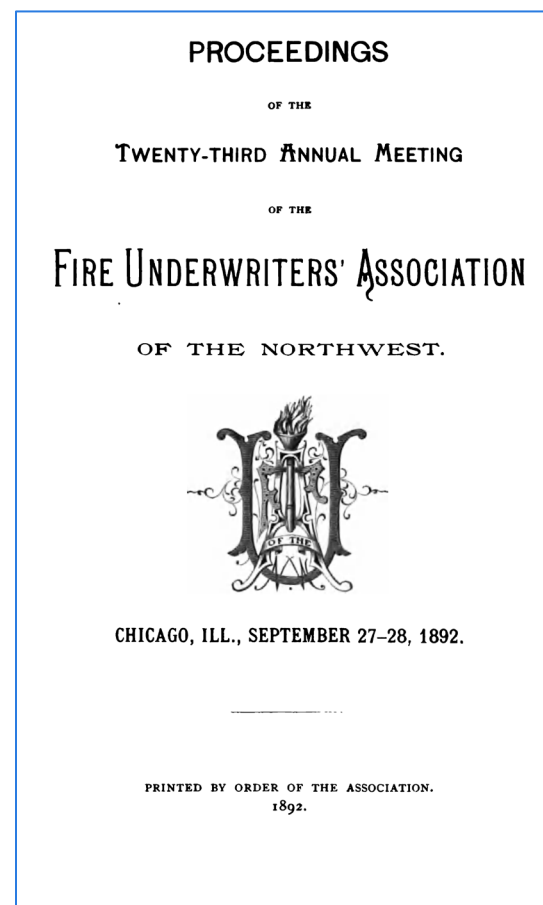


ISO is owned by Verisk and their programs are filed in the ISO name.

# Who do the ISO Programs Exist?

ISO programs are a result of the consolidation of state rating bureaus – 1970.

- Increase efficiency for insurers
- Reduce development costs for insurance products
- Leverage economies of scale
- Benefit from historical aggregate database
- Enhance competition in the insurance marketplace
  - Reduce barriers to entry
    - new markets
    - new lines of business
    - new classes of risk
- Provide benchmarks for comparison



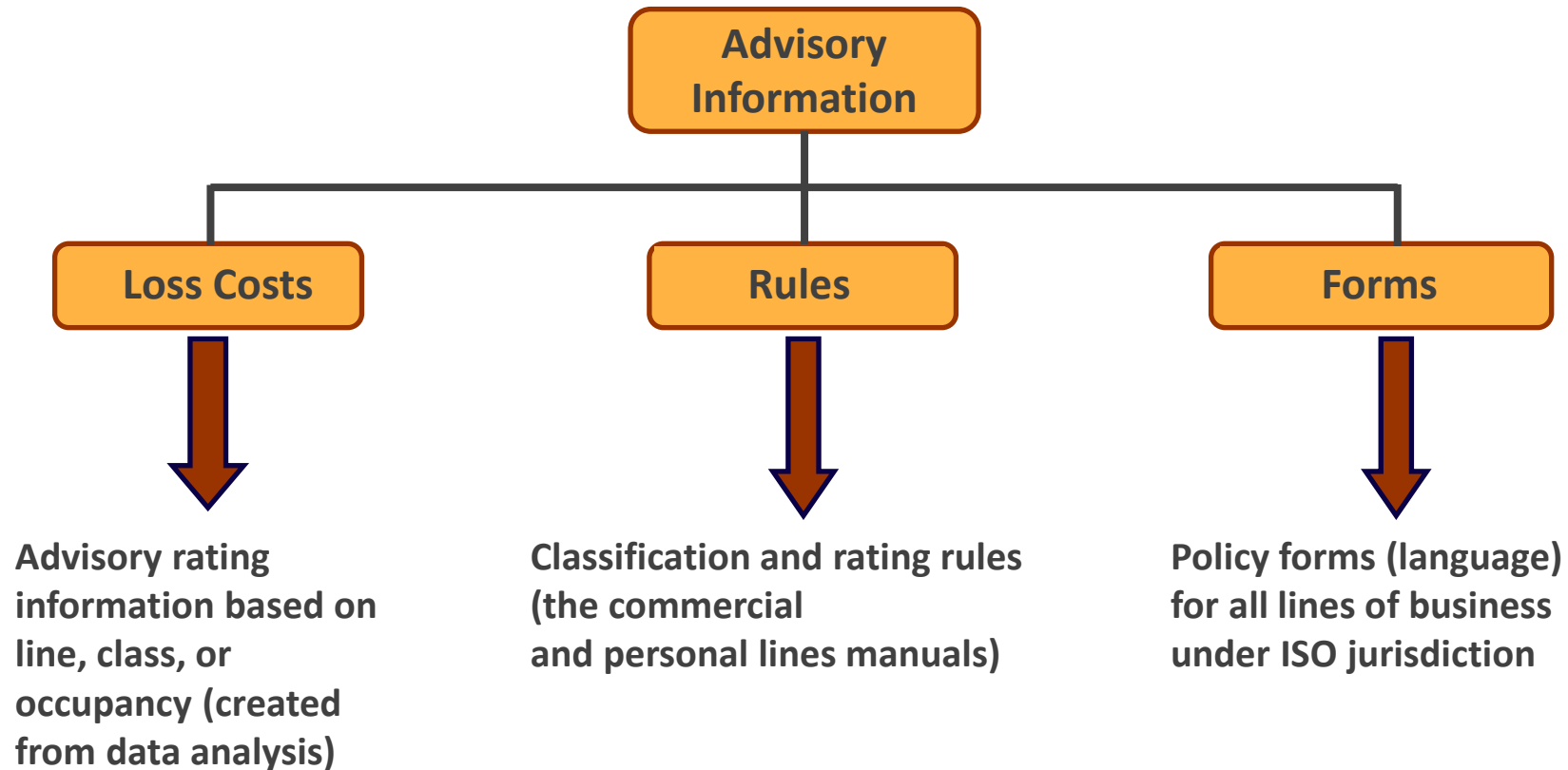
# Overview of ISO Programs – Industry Need

Unique nature of insurance pricing

Insurance industry vs. other industries

- True cost of product not known at time product is sold
- Claims may not be submitted for months, years, decades after the policy term has expired
- Need to project future costs based on past data and actuarial projections

# Overview of ISO Advisory Programs



# Verisk – ISO Community Mitigation Programs



Fire Suppression Rating Schedule (FSRS)

- Public Protection Classification (PPC ®) Program



Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS®)



\*FEMA/NFIP Community Rating System (CRS)

\* Administrator of program

# Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS®)



- Insurance Industry Program focused on Natural Hazard Mitigation
- Started in 1996
- Assigned at the community level based on building code enforcement service delivery.
  - County Departments
  - Third-Party Agencies
- Aggregated into classifications of 1–10 for both Personal and Commercial Lines
- Class 99 Jurisdictions
- 5 Year Cyclical Update
- Countrywide Coverage

***BCEGS is designed to measures resources and support made available to the enforcement of building codes and the utilization of those resources at the community level.***





# BCEGS is an Indicator of Community Vulnerability to Losses from Natural Hazards

Modern Building Code



Weakened or No Building Code



Effective Code Enforcement

Poor or No Code Enforcement



# BCEGS Filed Grading Schedule – Section I – Code Administration



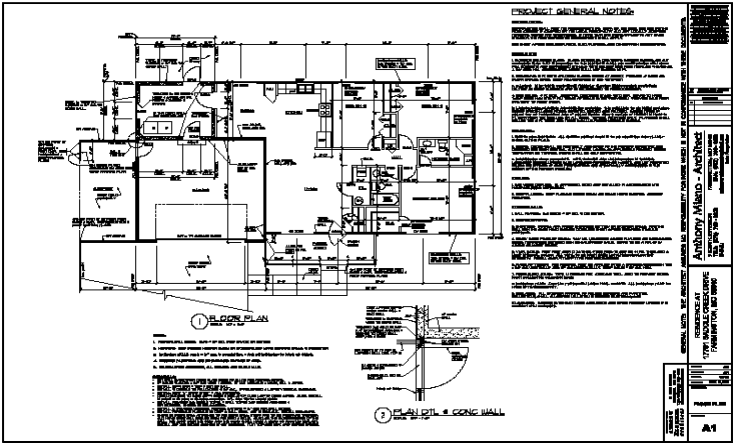
SECTION	ITEM	POINTS POSSIBLE
105	Adopted Codes	8.00
108	Additional Code Adoptions	4.00
110	Modification to Adopted Codes	4.00
112	Method of Code Adoption	1.00
115	Training	13.00
120	Certification	12.00
125	Building Official – Qualifications / Experience / Education	4.00
130	Selection Procedures for Building Official	.50
135	Design Professionals	2.0
140	Zoning Provisions	1.0
145	Contractor / Builder Licensing and Bonding	1.0
155	Public Awareness Programs	2.50
160	Participation in Code Development Activities	.50
165	Administrative Policies and Procedures	.50
<b>TOTAL POINTS IN SECTION I</b>		<b>54.00</b>



# BCEGS Filed Grading Schedule – Section II – Plan Review



SECTION	ITEM	POINTS POSSIBLE
205	Existing Plan Review Staffing	9.00
210	Experience of Personnel	1.50
215	Detail of Plan Review	11.50
220	Performance Evaluations for Quality Assurance	1.0
TOTAL POINTS IN SECTION II		23.00

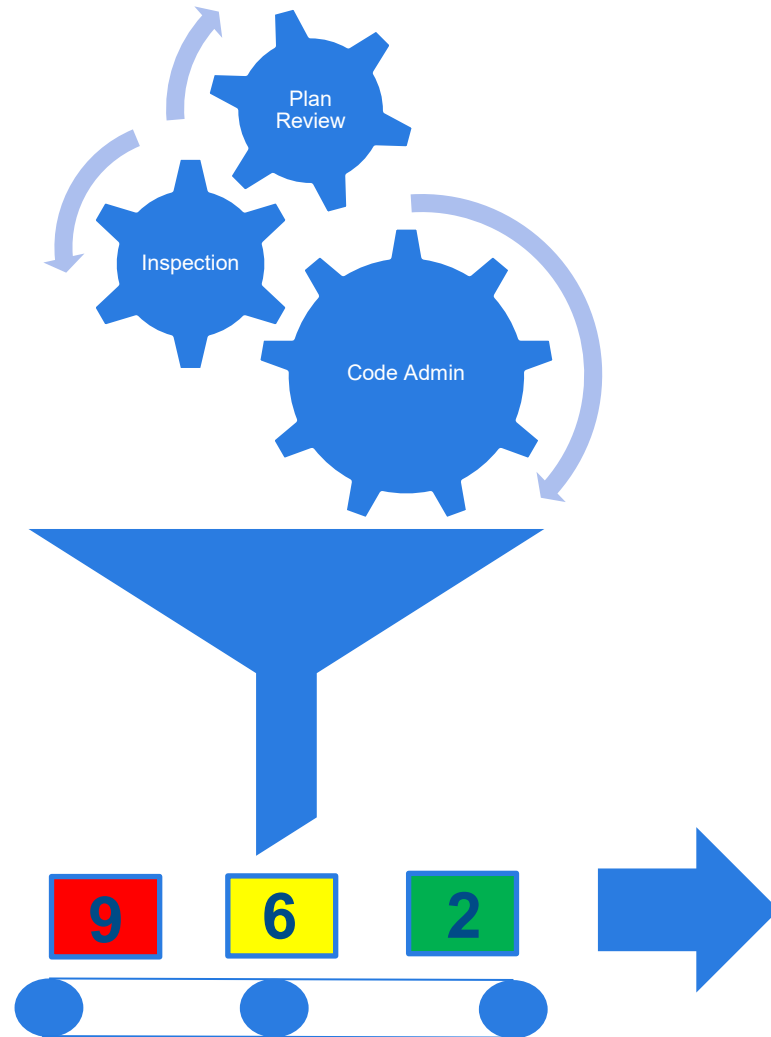


# BCEGS Filed Grading Schedule – Section III – Field Inspection

SECTION	ITEM	POINTS POSSIBLE
305	Existing Inspection Staffing	9.00
310	Experience of Personnel	3.0
315	Managing Inspection and Re-inspection Activity	1.0
320	Inspection Checklists	2.0
325	Special Inspections	1.0
330	Inspections for Natural Hazard Mitigation	1.50
335	Final Inspections	2.50
340	Certificate of Occupancy Programs	2.0
345	Performance Evaluations for Quality Assurance	1.0
<b>TOTAL POINTS IN SECTION III</b>		<b>23.00</b>



# Classification Results



CLASSIFICATION TABLE

CLASSIFICATION

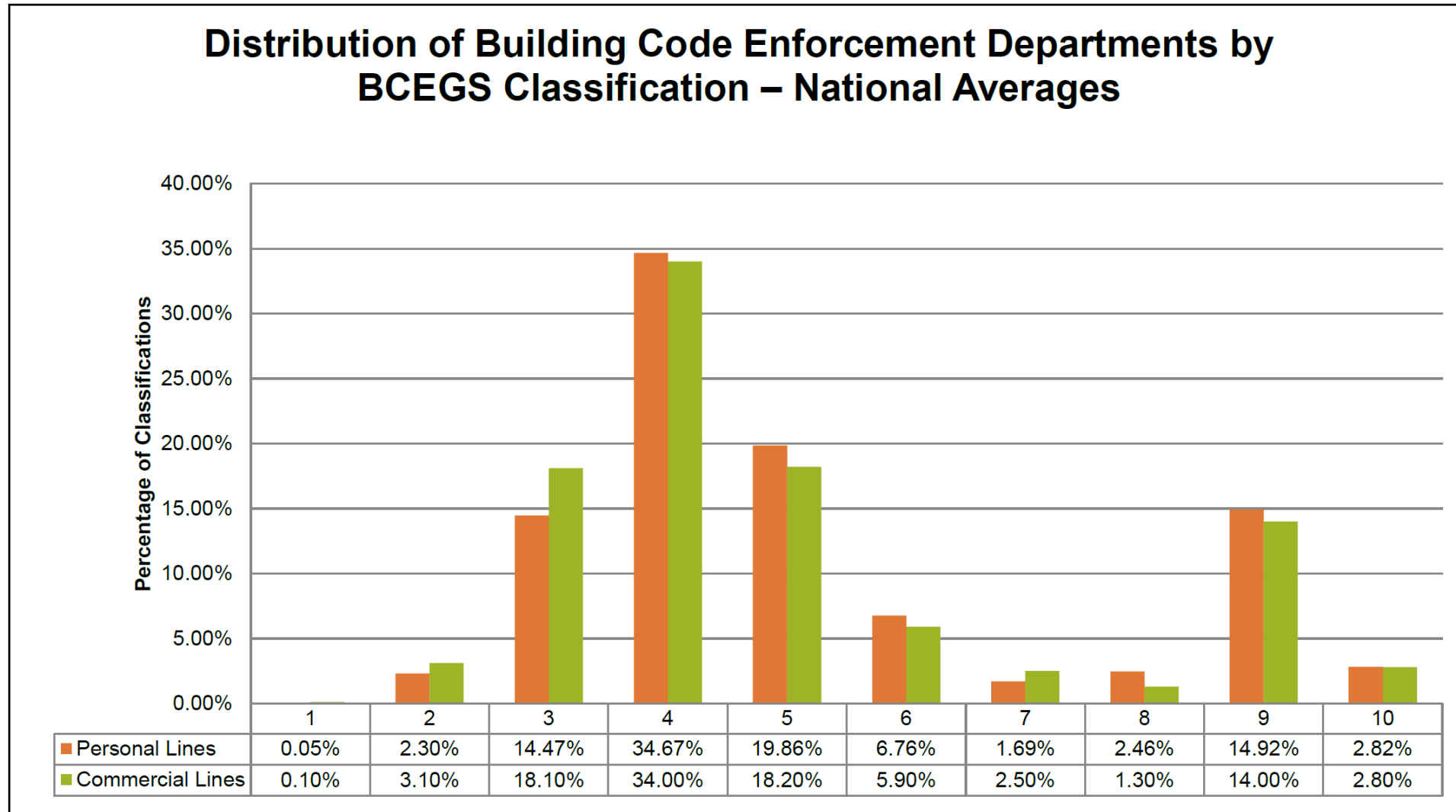
	POINT SPREADS
1	93.00 - 100.00
2	85.00 - 92.99
3	77.00 - 84.99
4	65.00 - 76.99
5	56.00 - 64.99
6	48.00 - 55.99
7	39.00 - 47.99
8	25.00 - 38.99
9	10.00 - 24.99
10	0.00 - 9.99



BCEGS 1-10  
Classifications for  
PL and CL

BCEGS Data

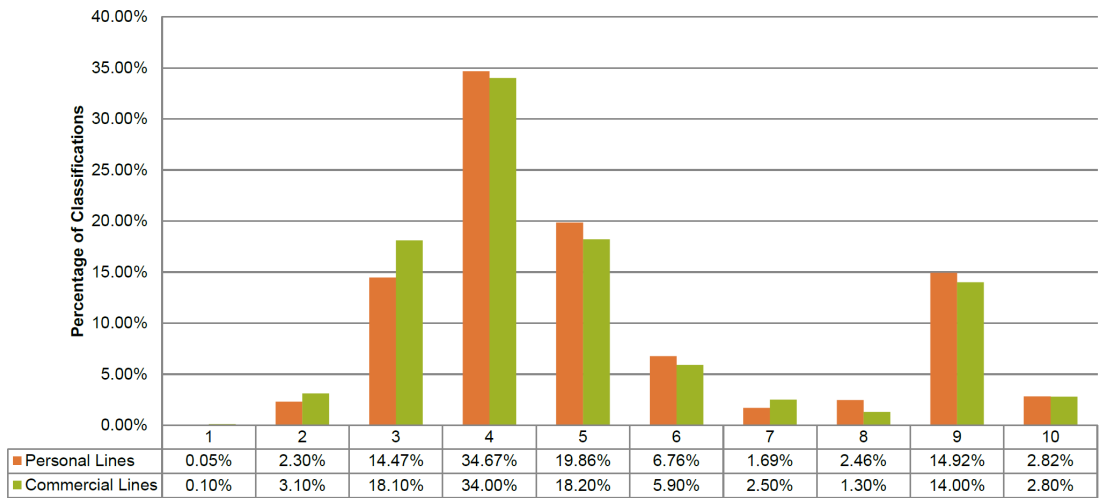
# BCEGS Classifications Across the Nation



# BCEGS Benchmarking – New Jersey Specific Information

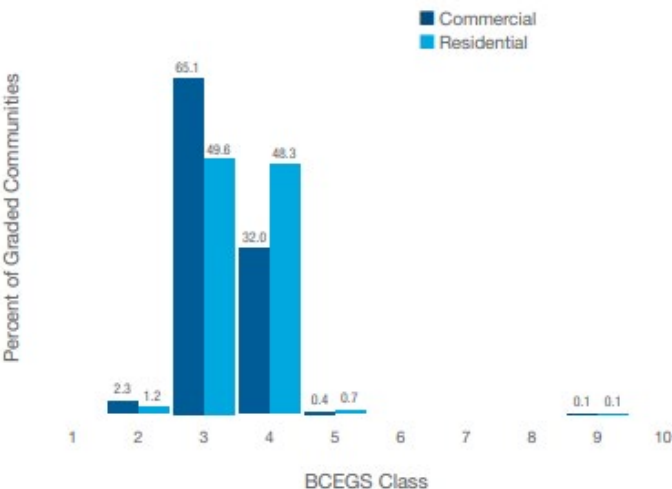


Distribution of Building Code Enforcement Departments by BCEGS Classification – National Averages



## New Jersey

BCEGS Community Class Distribution



### BCEGS State Averages

	Score	Class
Commercial	78	3
Residential	76	4

The BCEGS 1–10 classification is based on a 1-to-100-point score. For complete details on the scoring process, see pages 44–47, “Aiding the Resilience Revolution: ISO’s BCEGS® Program and How It Works.”

### By the Numbers\*

16,996 (national average: 31,618)	Average population served by building code enforcement departments in the state
\$24.86 (national average: \$22.62)	Average department expenditure per capita of population served
\$2.18 (national average: \$0.44)	Average department employee training expenditure per capita of population served
8.90% (national average: 2.48%)	Average training expenditure as a percentage of overall department expenditure

### Top Three Modeled Natural Hazards\*\*

Most Likely	Most Costly in a Typical Year	Most Extreme

\*Community data from BCEGS database

\*\*Source: AIR Worldwide modeled loss cost data





What's a filing?

**The process of obtaining required regulatory acceptance of ISO's core products (loss costs, rules and forms) for use by participating insurers.**

**RULE A6.  
BUILDING CODE EFFECTIVENESS GRADING**

**A. General Information**


1. The Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule develops grades of 1 to 10 for a community based on the adequacy of its building code and the effectiveness of its enforcement of that code. Policies which cover the Windstorm or Hail or Earthquake causes of loss may be eligible for special rating treatment, subject to the criteria in the following paragraphs. The Building Code Effectiveness Grading factor applies, where applicable, in addition to the Public Protection Classification factors.
2. In some communities, two Building Code Effectiveness Grades may be assigned. One grade will apply to 1 and 2 family dwellings; the other grade will apply to all other buildings. The Community Mitigation Classification Manual will indicate the application of each grade. This separation applies even if the residential property is written under a Commercial Property policy. The rate modification factors in Paragraph E. of this Additional Rule apply to the numerical grade shown, regardless of whether the property is graded as residential or commercial.
3. The Building Code Effectiveness Grades for a community, and their effective date, are provided in the Community Mitigation Classification Manual published by Insurance Services Office, Inc.

**B. Community Grading**

1. The Building Code Effectiveness Grading applies to any building that has an original certificate of occupancy dated in the year of the effective date of the community grading, or later. A rating factor has been developed for each community grade.
2. If a community is regraded subsequent to its initial grading, the factor for the revised grade applies to buildings that have an original certificate of occupancy dated the year of the effective date of the revised grading, or later.
3. Where certificates of occupancy are not issued, equivalent documentation acceptable to the company may be used.
4. If, due to an addition or alteration, the original building is changed to comply with the latest building code, the factor for the community grading applicable at the time the reconstruction is completed will apply to such building.
5. The Building Code Effectiveness Grade may apply to Windstorm/Hail or Earthquake, or to both. Specific information is provided in the Community Mitigation Classification Manual. If the grade in the Manual does not apply to one of the causes of loss, the factor should not be applied for that cause of loss.

Nationwide  
Filed Advisory  
Ratings PL  
and CL

## Building Underwriting Reports (BUR)

					<div><div></div><div><div>BUILDING UNDERWRITING REPORT</div><div>WIND SPECIFIC INFORMATION</div></div></div>		
					RATING ELIGIBILITY		
					Building Area: 80,549 sq. ft.   Geographic Risk Factor: Medium   BGII Rating: Specific Rated		
					BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND USAGE		
					BG II Construction Description: Masonry Non-Combustible   BGII Construction Code :		
					BG II Symbol Description: Ordinary   BGII Symbol : B		
					BG II CSP : 31   Number of Stories : 3		
					BUILDING CODE EFFECTIVENESS GRADING SCHEDULE (BCEGS)		
BCEGS SCORING FOR JURISDICTION ENFORCING BUILDING CODE					Action Enforcing Building Code		
					Griffith		
					y and how the community enforces its		
					tural hazards. Municipalities with well-		
					e. Reducing catastrophe-related		
					for communities to adopt the latest		
					g Code Effectiveness Classification		
					for both commercial and residential		
					ed losses in communities with		
					DING CODE		
					ints	Points	Percentage
					quired	Possible	
					15.00	15.00	100.00%
					8.08	13.30	60.75%
					9.13	18.50	49.35%
					3.12	5.20	60.00%
					2.63	10.50	25.05%
					10.00	12.50	80.00%
					11.02	12.00	91.83%
					7.23	100.00	67.23%
BCEGS Commercial Classification: 05					Edition of the Southern Building Code		
					Page 15 of 25		



## BCEGS in BG II Loss Cost

- *Advisory Loss Cost* is a projection of an insurer's average future loss and loss adjustment expenses
- Delivered for both BG I (fire) and BG II (wind)
- Based on Construction, Occupancy, Protection and Exposure (COPE) information published by Verisk
- Developed using field-verified property information as well as historical premium and claims data
- BCEGS factor can be used by insurers to adjust the BG II loss Cost
- Utilizes ISO's 3 rating schedules – SCOPES, FSRS and BCEGS
- Loss Cost + Expense Load + Profit Load = Rate



Pro-Metrix

BCEGS in BG II  
Loss Cost

ProMetrix

LOSS COST QUOTE

Policy# /Insured: P234333

1000 TURNPIKE WEST  
WINTER GARDEN, FLORIDA 34787  
County : ORANGE

ISO Risk ID: 09 FL99 244707  
On-Site Survey Date: 09/2013  
Schedule Applied Date: 09/06/2013  
File: FL60003

Building Rating Details for Basic Group I (BG I) and Basic Group II (BG II)

Building - SMITHEE VOCATIONAL (2S)		CSP Class: 0921 Line #: 010		m installed
BG I Loss Cost-Specific	ELA Factor	BG II Loss Cost-Class		
.023	.317	.040		
Enhanced Wind Basic Group II Loss Cost Information ( <a href="#">more info</a> )				
BG II Enhanced Loss Cost-Specific	Wind Factor Indicated	Wind Factor Applied	BCEGS Factor	-Combustible With Roof
.037	.925	.925	.910	

Occupant - VOCATIONAL TRADE SCHOOL		CSP Class: 0921 Line #: 015		Limit of Insurance Applicable <a href="#">more info</a> No
BG I Loss Cost-Specific	ELA Factor	BG II Loss Cost-Class		
.035	.317	.023		
Enhanced Wind Basic Group II Loss Cost Information ( <a href="#">more info</a> )				
BG II Enhanced Loss Cost-Specific	Wind Factor Indicated	Wind Factor Applied	BCEGS Factor	
.021	.925	.925	.910	

BG II Enhanced Loss Cost-Specific	Wind Factor Indicated	Wind Factor Applied	BCEGS Factor
.037	.925	.925	.910

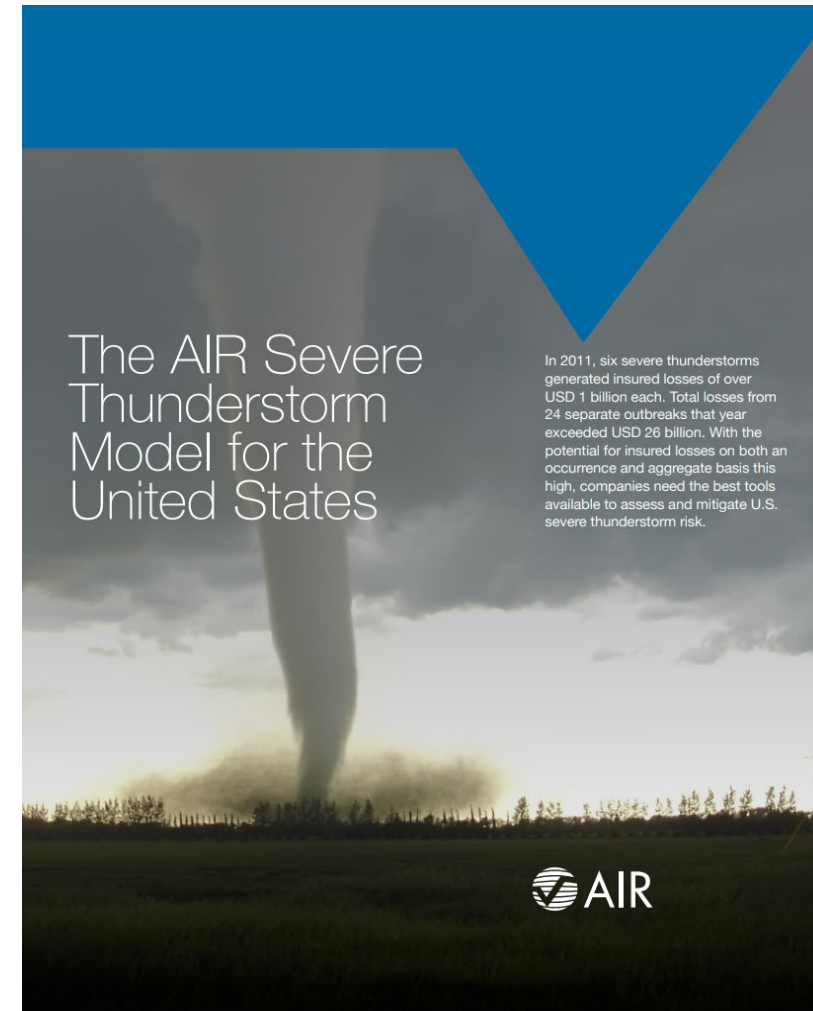
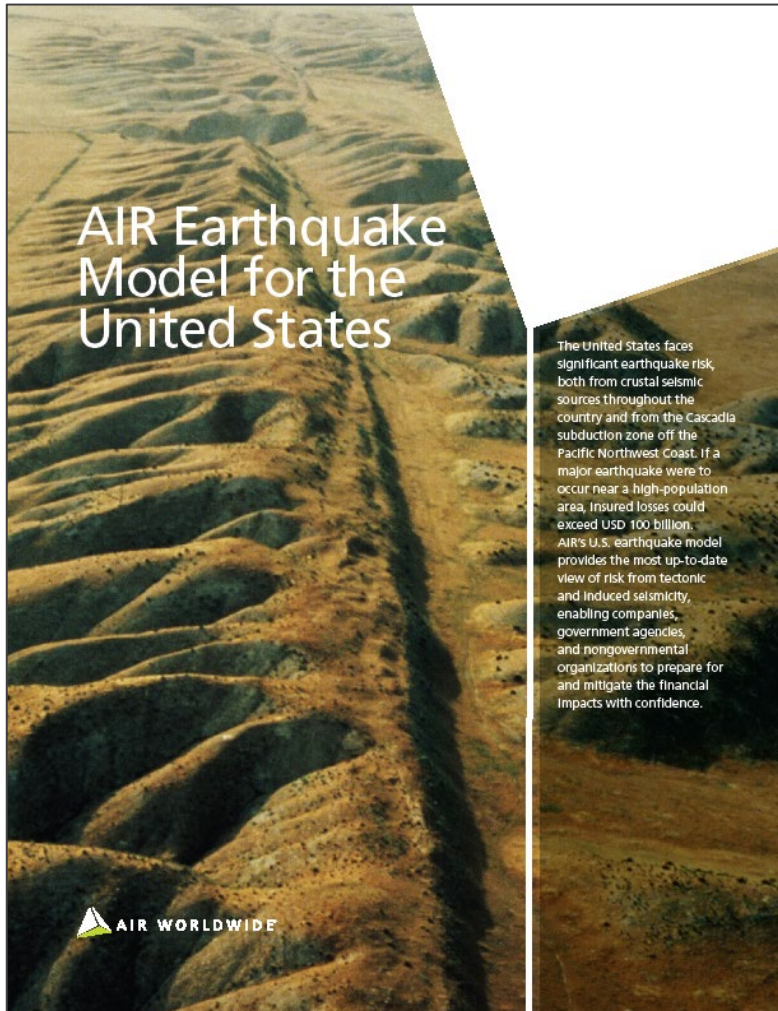
Occupant - VOCATIONAL TRADE SCHOOL		CSP Class: 0921 Line #: 015	
BG I Loss Cost-Specific	ELA Factor	BG II Loss Cost-Class	
.035	.317	.023	
Enhanced Wind Basic Group II Loss Cost Information ( <a href="#">more info</a> )			
BG II Enhanced Loss Cost-Specific	Wind Factor Indicated	Wind Factor Applied	BCEGS Factor
.021	.925	.925	.910





# AIR Hazard Modeling – Loss Cost

*State-Level BCEGS Classifications are used in the AIR risk models.*



# In Loss-Cost Modeling – BCEGS is an Indicator of Building Vulnerability

Features of a Building  
Built to Code



Features of a Building  
Not Built to Code



Elements of Good  
Code Enforcement



Poor or No Code  
Enforcement



# BCEGS Direct Relationship to Flood Insurance Discounts

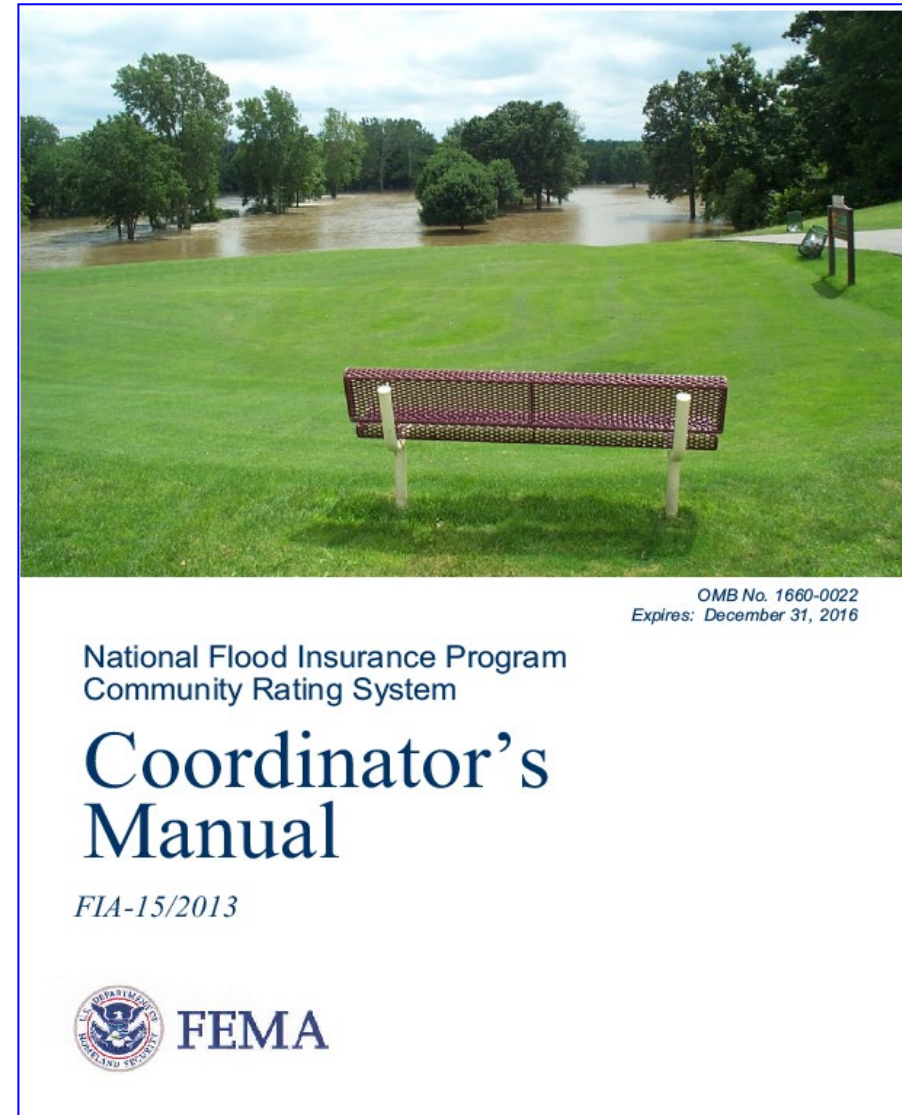
## Community Rating System (CRS)

- **Direct discounts to policy-holders in the SFHA for communities that have higher regulatory standards, including building codes.**
- **Points-based system similar to BCEGS and PPC programs.**
- **FEMA / NFIP Program administered by ISO**
- **Credit for having building codes and additional credit for BCEGS score.**
- **Communities can get up to a Class 7 without having building codes adopted.**

(2) BC2 = one of the following. These points are not cumulative.

- (a) 10 points, for a BCEGS classification of 5/5, OR
- (b) 20 points, for a BCEGS classification of 4/4, OR
- (c) 30 points, for a BCEGS classification of 3/3, OR
- (d) 40 points, for a BCEGS classification of 2/2, OR
- (e) 50 points, for a BCEGS classification of 1/1

b. **Class 6 Prerequisite:** To become a Class 6 or better community, a community must have received a classification of 5/5 or better under the Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule.



NFIP CRS  
Program

State Profile Summary

CRS Activity Data

Insurance Data

## The CRS in New Jersey

APRIL 2022

CRS Communities

95

Premiums

\$120,946,242

Policies In Force

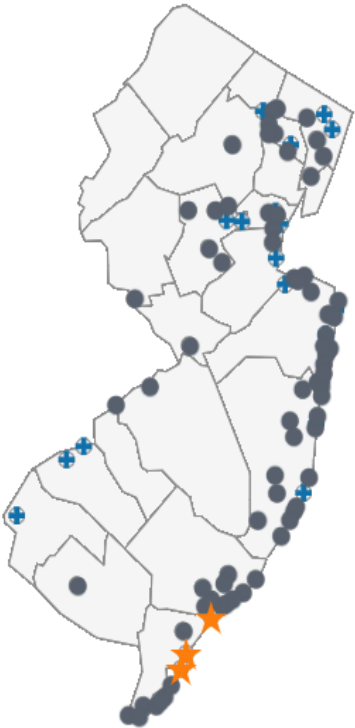
144,660

CRS Discount

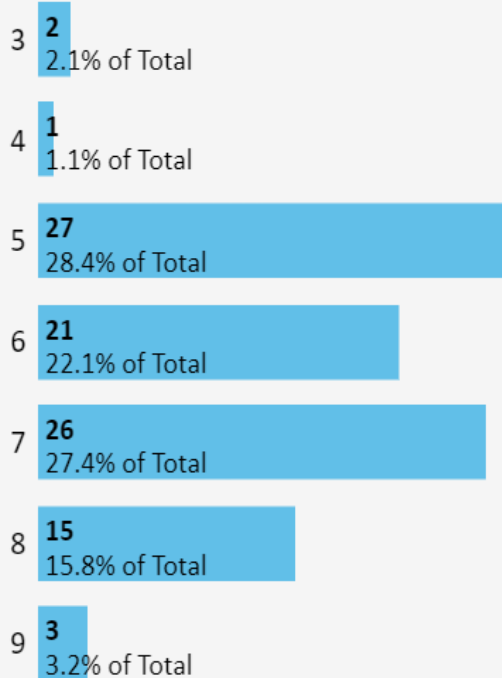
\$31,452,510

Class

- 1★
- 2★
- 3★
- 4★
- 5●
- 6●
- 7●
- 8+
- 9+



### CRS Communities by Class





## BCEGS Classifications are part of the Technical Criteria in BRIC

- 20 Points in Technical Review for Class 1 to 5.
- Increased from 15 points to 20 in Fy21 Cycle
- Based on Subapplicant Classification
  - State can be Subapplicant
  - Multi-Jurisdictional
  - Quasi-Governmental
- ISO provides BCEGS classifications to all communities during survey, information is readily available to the community.
- ISO support for FEMA BRIC is provided via validation effort at the end of the application cycle.
- ISO maintains an information e-mail account for community inquiries



<https://www.isomitigation.com>

<https://www.fema.gov/emergency-managers/risk-management/building-science>



**FEMA**

# Partner and Supported Resources for Code Officials and Consumers – No Code, No Confidence – FLASH.org

<https://inspecttoprotect.org/>



# Moving Forward - Collaboration

*Verisk is supportive of MUNCO and other groups in efforts to communicate the importance of effective code enforcement.*

## A couple of questions:

*How do we communicate this information to state and local decision makers?*

- Increased outreach to community leaders (Mayors, County Commissioners)
- Use existing partnerships and organizations (ICC, FLASH, FEMA)

*What data can be used to assist the federal, state, and local leaders in understanding risks associated with ineffective building code enforcement?*

- Verisk can assist State, county, or community Hazard Mitigation Officers, Emergency Managers and Building Code Officials with basic metrics to better inform decision making and provide targeted outreach to jurisdictions that may benefit from additional resources.

What can we do to provide assistance to your building department?



[Dale.Thomure@verisk.com](mailto:Dale.Thomure@verisk.com)

Standard legal language is pending. Until the template is updated with standard boilerplate, please insert the appropriate legal language for your business area.

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